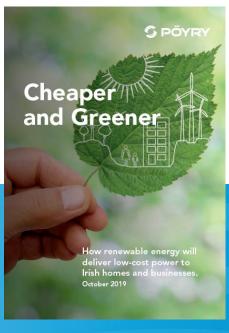


Cheaper & Greener

Dr. David Connolly CEO, IWEA 6th December 2019





New Poyry analysis outlines value of 70% for Consumers & Corporates

40by20 All Costs €1/person/year ﷺ Baringa



for o Cost-benefit analysis of wind energy in Ireland 2000-2020

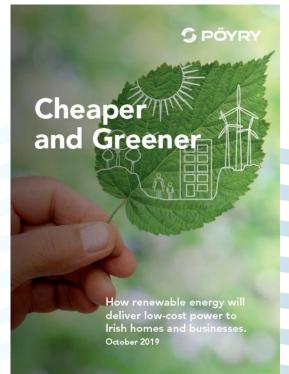


January 2019

70by30 All Costs €60/MWh = Breakeven



70by30 RESS/cPPA Costs Only (CfDs) Lower Cost, but Must Share Saving



RESS offers the Consumer Excellent Value

- At €60/MWh average strike price:
- The Consumer via the PSO is paying €3.2 billion
- BUT, the Consumer is saving €5.8 billion via reduced wholesale prices
- So there is still a net saving to all consumers of ~€2.6 billion
- This is effectively the <u>budget</u> for other parts of electricity sector to facilitate more renewables e.g. grid, DS3+, etc.

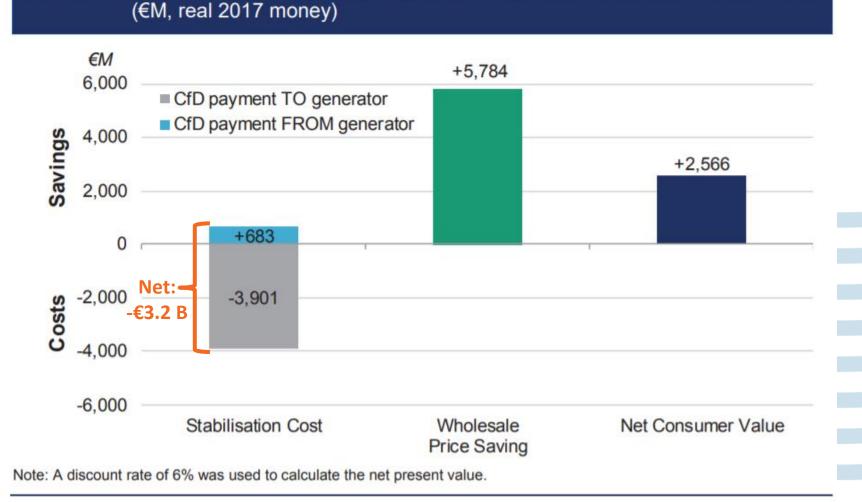


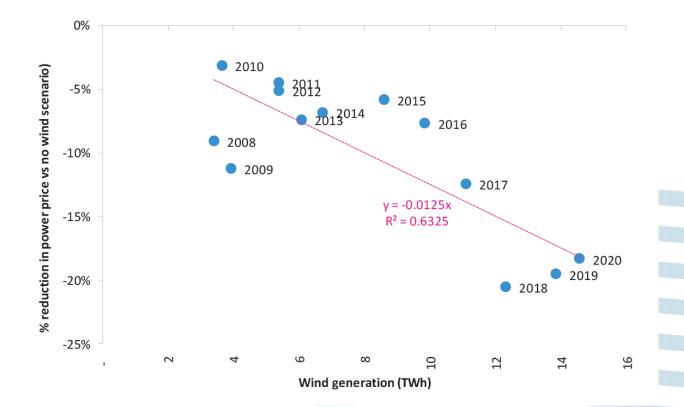
Figure 2 – Net Consumer Value estimate assuming a CfD strike price of €60/MWh



Wind Energy is Already Reducing the Wholesale Price by up to 20%: This will grow as more RES-E is added & the source of main savings

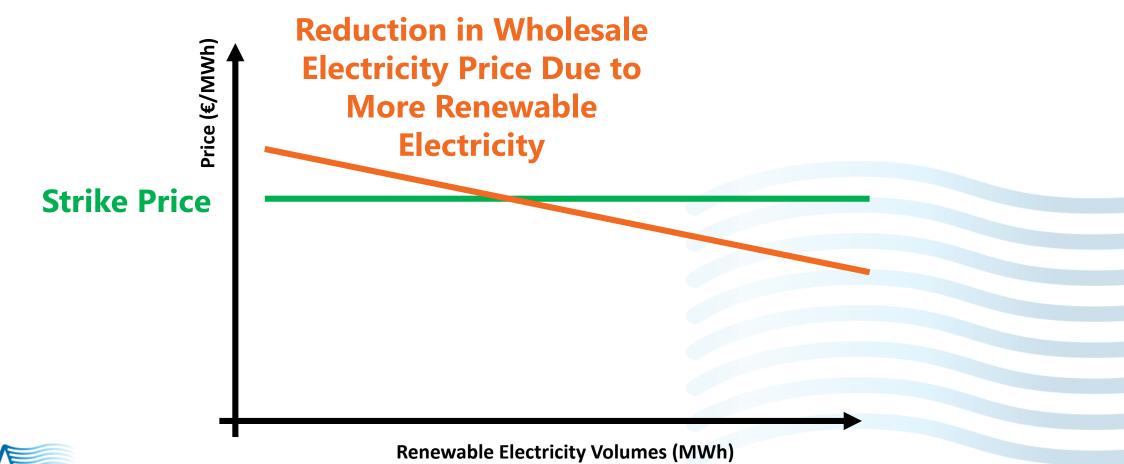


Figure 6 Wind generation and wholesale price reduction vs 'no wind' scenario



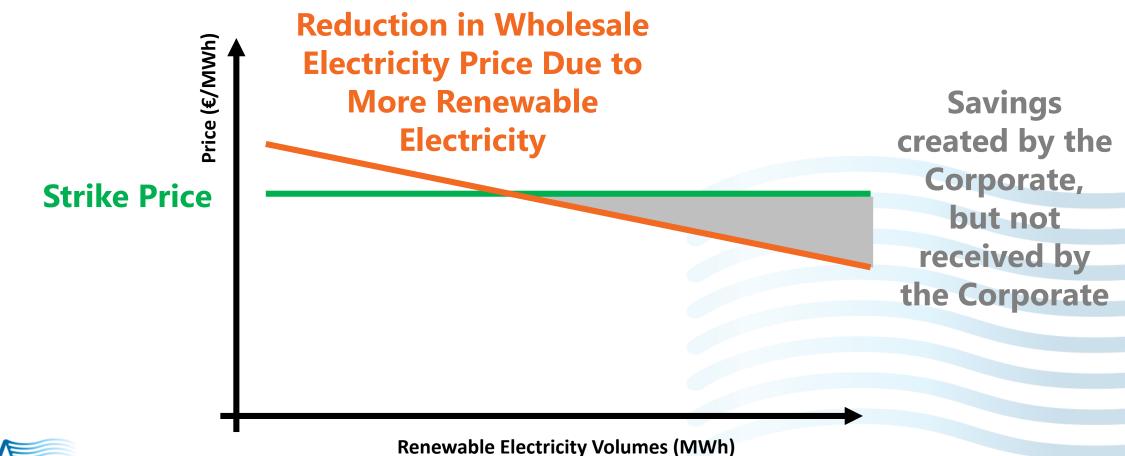


Can we Reduce the Strike Price to Make cPPAs more Attractive?





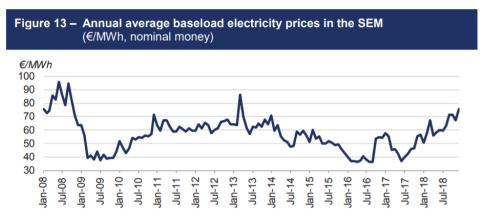
Can we Reduce the Strike Price to Make cPPAs more Attractive?





At present, we most likely need Corporates to put a <u>Value</u> on Other Benefits of a cPPA

Putting a Value On: Hedging Against Price Uncertainty

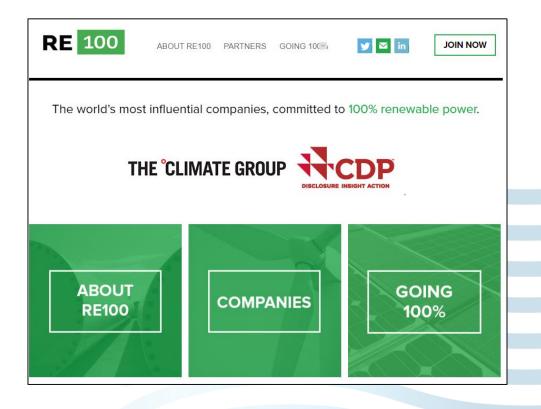


• Putting a Value On: Hedging Against Future Carbon Price Increases

The Department is proposing a shadow cost of carbon that will reach \in 32 a tonne by 2020, \in 100 a tonne by 2030 and \in 265 a tonne by 2050. The Committee welcomes this review and is of the opinion that all new public projects should immediately use this costing approach.³⁵



Putting a Value On: Corporate Social Responsibility



arascáil ón gComhchoiste um Ghníomhú ar son na hAer n tAthrú Aeráide: Comhdhearcadh Traspháirtí don Ghnío Mara Report of the Joint Committee on Climate Ac

Report of the Joint Committee on Climate Action limate Change: A Cross-Party Consensus for Action March 2019

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Alternatively, we can improve the financial case for cPPAs by:

Passing on More of the Savings to LEUs/DCs



Reducing the Price of Wind Energy in Ireland



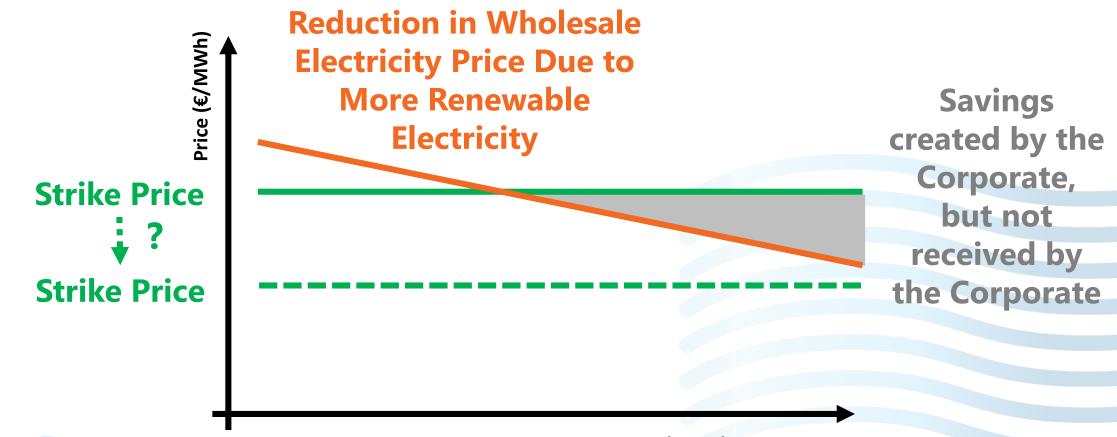


Ideas to a) Pass Some of the Savings to LEUs/DCs with cPPAs & b) Stimulate cPPA Market





Can we Reduce the Strike Price to Make cPPAs more Attractive?

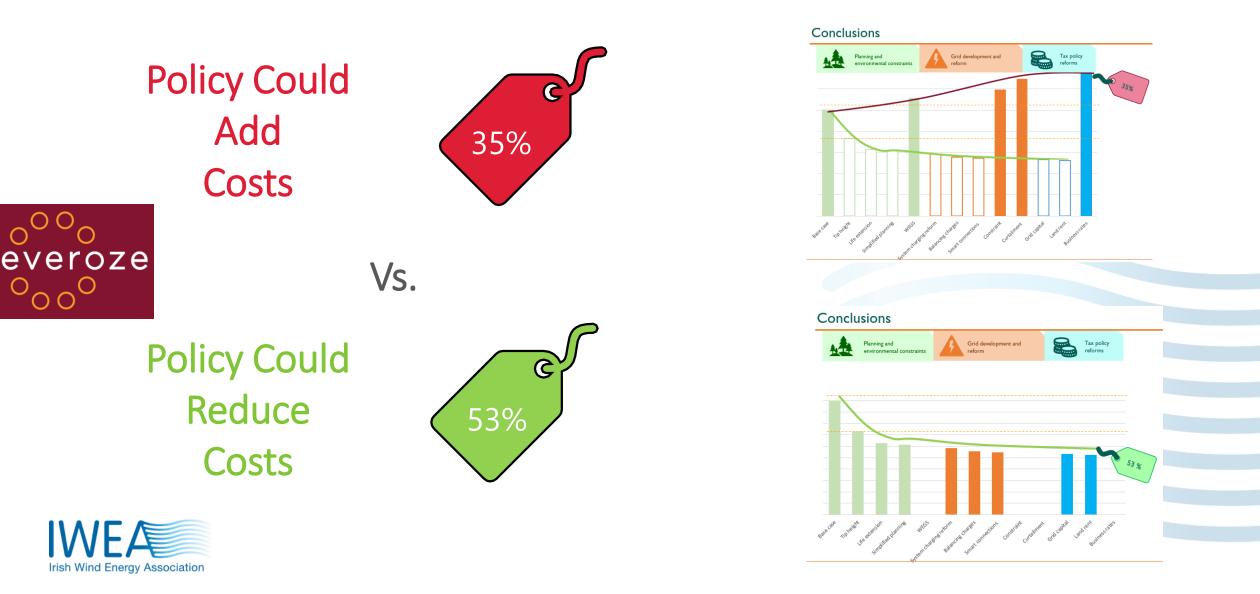




Renewable Electricity Volumes (MWh)

Government policy choices will largely decide the prices for RESS & Corporate PPAs – IWEA asked Everoze to quantify this

More Details: <u>Slides/Video</u>



Bellacorrick: New turbines are 3.2 MW vs. the original 0.3 MW, so x10 times the Power for x3.6 times the height (~180 m high).

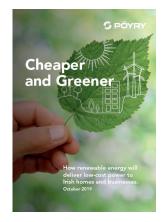
22 Original turbines will be replaced by 2 new turbines (~50 m high).





€10/MWh Change in LCOE has ~€1.5 billion Change on Consumers

Figure 3 – Sensitivity of Net Consumer Value to different auction strike prices (€M, real 2017 money)







Note: A discount rate of 6% was used to calculate the net present value.

Conclusions

• RESS will very likely save money for the consumer:

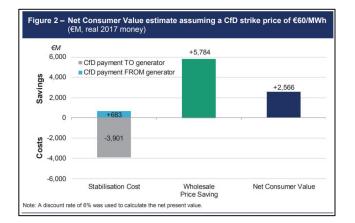
- Benefit mainly arise from lower wholesale prices
- This can be used to cover other costs of 70by30

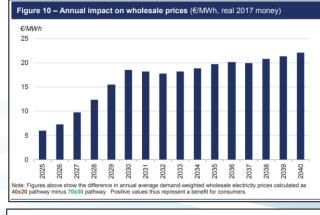
- Corporates are creating a large saving on the wholesale market when they sign a cPPA, but they are not getting all of this saving:
 - So there is a strong economic case for new policies to 'share these savings' with the CPPA market.

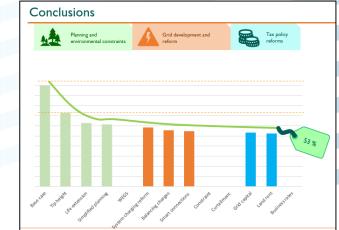
• Lower wind energy prices will benefit both RESS and cPPAs:

- Policy and regulation will have a major impact on this price
- It could drop by to <€40/MWh or increase to >€100/MWh

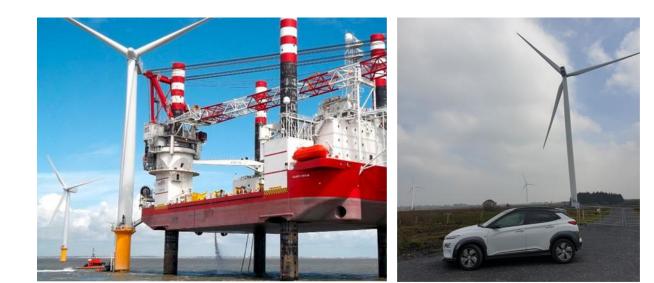












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